## **UW SOM Personal Statement Worksheet**

A. Preparing
Step 1: Brainstorm answers to these questions.  What three words describe me? Ask your classmates, friends, and family.
What are my strengths? What am I good at that is valued by my desired specialty?
What accomplishments and experiences highlight my strengths, values and fit with my desired specialty? What accomplishments in my life make me proud?
What obstacles have I faced and what have I learned from them?
Are there extenuating circumstances or sensitive issues I may need to address? E.g., academic difficulties, extended time in medical school.
What are my professional goals?
What is the one thing I want all programs to know about me?
Step 2: Reflect on your "hook."  This mechanism highlights (1) personal characteristics, (2) journey to and/or enthusiasm for the specialty, and (3) professional growth. Consider a compelling personal or patient story that makes the committee want to know more. If you choose a patient story or one about another person, it should underscore your own qualities.
How did this experience impact my character formation, growth, and abilities?
What aspects of my character does it highlight?
What lessons did I learn?
Was it a step in my journey to discovering my chosen field and if so, how?
B. Writing and Structuring
Step 3: Free write a rough draft with content from Steps 1 and 2.

Step 4 & Step 5: Organize and incorporate content from Steps 1 and 2.
Introductory Paragraph: Use your hook to grab the reader and make them want to know more. Highlight your characteristics and strengths.
<b>Body Paragraphs (2-3):</b> Expand on your content from Steps 1 and 2. Essential details that a program must know about you, your proudest accomplishments. Strengths and characteristics related to your specialty and leadership experience.
Closing Paragraph: State what you value in a training program and what you can contribute. Name your professional goals. If you are customizing your Personal Statement for a specific program, then add 2-3 sentences. Add 2-3 summar sentences that tie back to the most important content from your introductory and supporting paragraphs.
C. Optimizing
<b>Step 6: Evaluate the flow</b> of your writing. Your narrative should flow naturally as a story and be easy to follow (often chronologically). Ensure that it is written formally with no slang or abbreviations.
Step 7: Rest your draft for a week. Then read it aloud and make changes based on your re-evaluation.
<b>Step 8: Get Feedback</b> from two physicians in your field, a mentor in medicine who knows you well and an advisor. Update your draft based on their feedback:
<ul> <li>Is it interesting, with a compelling hook?</li> </ul>
Is your interest in your specialty demonstrated and clear?
Are your strengths, characteristics, and the accomplishments you are most proud of evident?  Are your professional pages along?
<ul> <li>Are your professional goals clear?</li> <li>If you identified challenges or sensitive issues in Step 1, is it evident in your draft?</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Is there good flow to each paragraph and between paragraphs?</li> </ul>
Updated your draft after feedback.
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Step 9: Edit your draft for grammar and spelling. Have someone with strong editing skills review it.
<b>Step 10: Rest your draft</b> for a week. Then read it aloud and make updates based on your re-evaluation. If substantial changes were required in step 8, consider sending it to a trusted mentor and repeating Steps 8-9.

D. Ready to Submit!